



# Lifted Junction Tree Algorithm

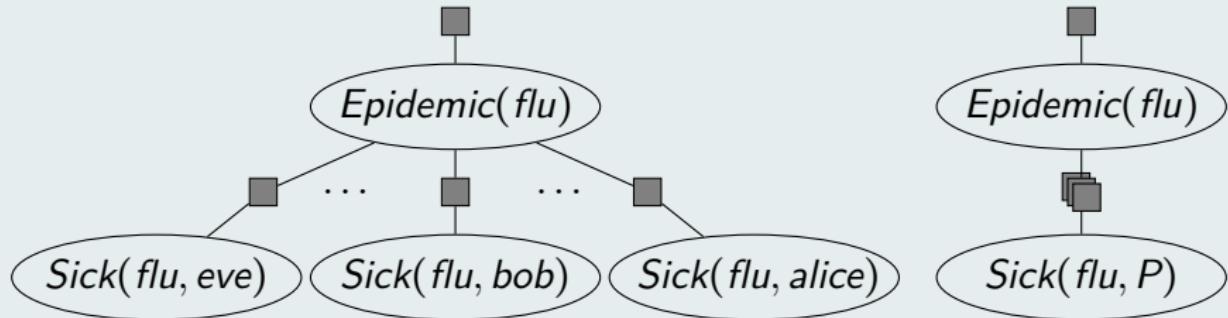
## An Overview

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## (Parameterised) Model



Ground factors

$$\phi(Epidemic(flu))$$

$$\phi(Sick(flu, eve), Epidemic(flu))$$

...

Parfactor

$$\phi(Epidemic(flu))$$

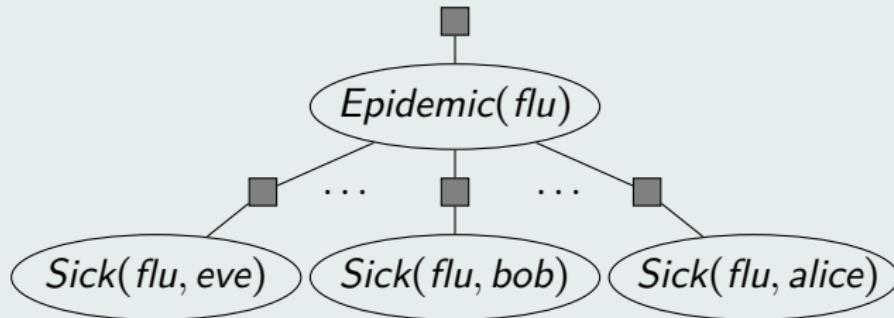
$$\phi(Sick(flu, P), Epidemic(flu))$$

Query

$$P(Sick(flu, eve))$$

# (Lifted) Variable Elimination

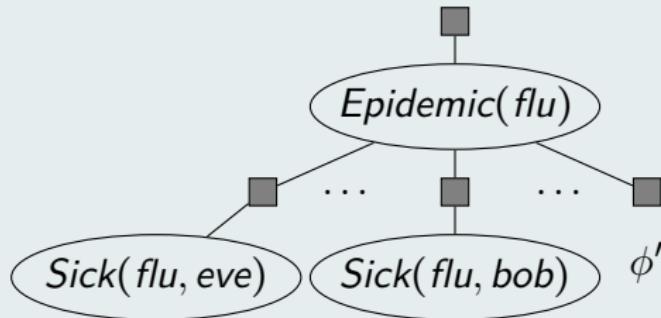
Zhang & Poole (1994), Poole (2003), de Salvo Braz (2007), Taghipour (2013)



$$\begin{aligned} P(Sick(flu, eve)) \propto & \sum_{e \in range(Epidemic(flu))} \phi(Sick(flu, eve), e) \cdot \phi(e) \\ & \cdot \dots \cdot \sum_{sb \in range(Sick(flu, bob))} \phi(sb, e) \\ & \cdot \dots \cdot \sum_{sa \in range(Sick(flu, alice))} \phi(sa, e) \end{aligned}$$

# (Lifted) Variable Elimination

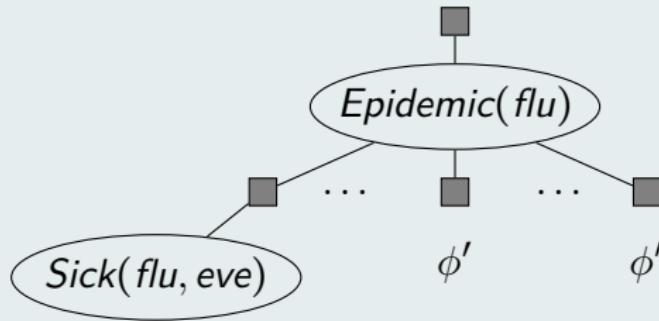
Zhang & Poole (1994), Poole (2003), de Salvo Braz (2007), Taghipour (2013)



$$\begin{aligned} P(\text{Sick}(flu, eve)) \propto & \sum_{e \in \text{range}(\text{Epidemic}(flu))} \phi(\text{Sick}(flu, eve), e) \cdot \phi(e) \\ & \cdot \dots \cdot \sum_{sb \in \text{range}(\text{Sick}(flu, bob))} \phi(sb, e) \\ & \cdot \dots \cdot \phi'(e) \end{aligned}$$

# (Lifted) Variable Elimination

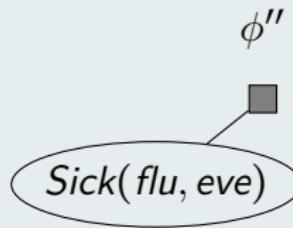
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# (Lifted) Variable Elimination

Zhang & Poole (1994), Poole (2003), de Salvo Braz (2007), Taghipour (2013)



$$P(\text{Sick}(\text{flu}, \text{eve})) \propto \phi''(\text{Sick}(\text{flu}, \text{eve}))$$

# (Lifted) Variable Elimination

Zhang & Poole (1994), Poole (2003), de Salzo Braz (2007), Taghipour (2013)

$$\begin{aligned} P(\text{Sick}(flu, eve)) \propto & \sum_{e \in \text{range}(\text{Epidemic}(flu))} \phi(\text{Sick}(flu, eve), e) \cdot \phi(e) \\ & \cdot \dots \sum_{sb \in \text{range}(\text{Sick}(flu, bob))} \phi(sb, e) \\ & \cdot \dots \cdot \sum_{sa \in \text{range}(\text{Sick}(flu, alice))} \phi(sa, e) \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} P(\text{Sick}(flu, eve)) \propto & \sum_{e \in \text{range}(\text{Epidemic}(flu))} \phi(\text{Sick}(flu, eve), e) \cdot \phi(e) \\ & \cdot \left( \sum_{s \in \text{range}(\text{Sick}(flu, P))} \phi(s, e) \right)^{|P|, P \neq eve} \end{aligned}$$

# (Lifted) Variable Elimination - Single Query

Zhang & Poole (1994), Poole (2003), de Salzo Braz (2007), Taghipour (2013)

$$\begin{aligned} P(\text{Sick}(flu, eve)) \propto & \sum_{e \in \text{range}(\text{Epidemic}(flu))} \phi(\text{Sick}(flu, eve), e) \cdot \phi(e) \\ & \cdot \dots \sum_{sb \in \text{range}(\text{Sick}(flu, bob))} \phi(sb, e) \\ & \cdot \dots \cdot \sum_{sa \in \text{range}(\text{Sick}(flu, alice))} \phi(sa, e) \end{aligned}$$

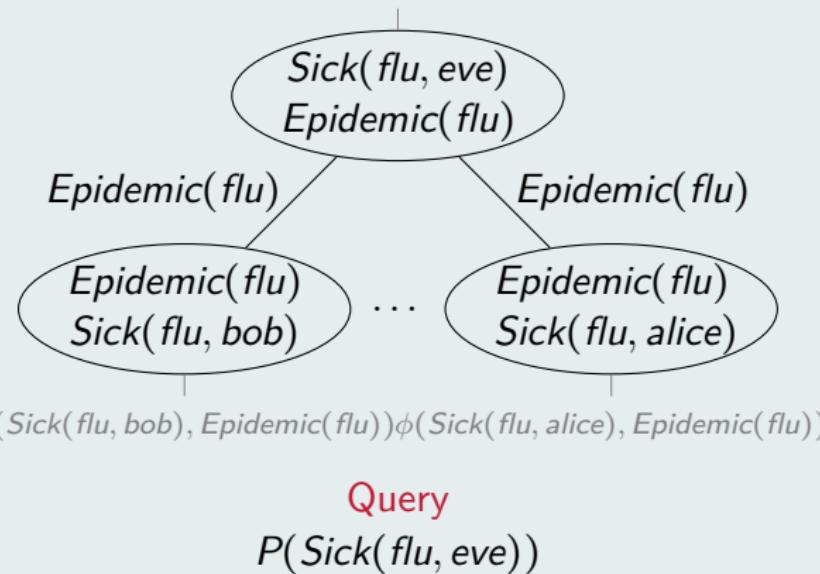
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# Junction Trees - Multiple Queries

Shafer & Shenoy (1989), Jensen et. al. (1990), Darwiche (2009)

## Internal Representation

$$\phi(\text{Sick}(\text{flu}, \text{eve}), \text{Epidemic}(\text{flu}))\phi(\text{Epidemic}(\text{flu}))$$

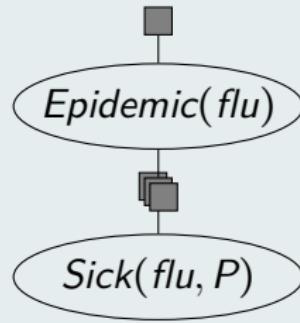


## Computation

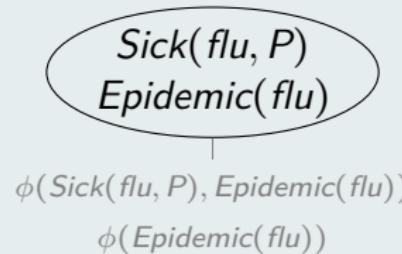
- ① Construct junction tree.
- ② Pass messages
  - inward
  - outward
- ③ Answer queries.  
(without evidence)

# Lifted Junction Tree Algorithm

## Input Model



## Internal Representation



## Query

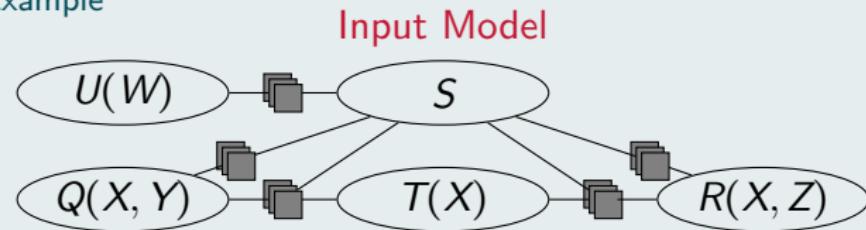
 $P(\text{Sick}(\text{flu}, \text{eve}))$ 

## Computation

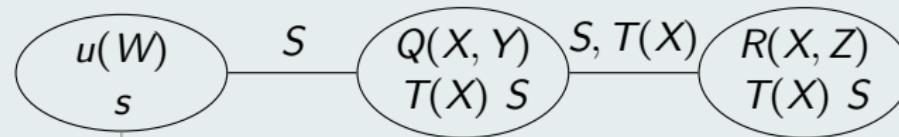
$$\sum_{e \in \text{range}(\text{Epidemic}(\text{flu}))} \phi(\text{Sick}(\text{flu}, \text{eve}), e) \cdot \phi(e)$$
$$\cdot \left( \sum_{s \in \text{range}(\text{Sick}(\text{flu}, \text{P}))} \phi(s, e) \right)^{|P|, P \neq \text{eve}}$$

# Lifted Junction Tree Algorithm

Another Example



**Internal Representation**



$$\phi_1 = \phi(U(W), s)$$

$$\phi_2 = \phi(Q(X, Y), T(X), s) \quad \phi_3 = \phi(R(X, Z), T(X), s)$$

$$\phi(Q(X, Y), s)$$

$$\phi(R(X, Z), s)$$

**Queries**

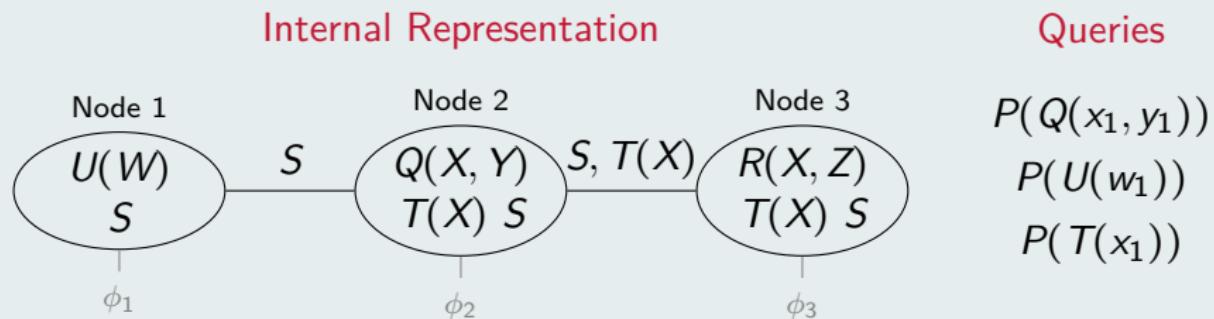
$$P(Q(x_1, y_1))$$

$$P(U(w_1))$$

$$P(T(x_1))$$

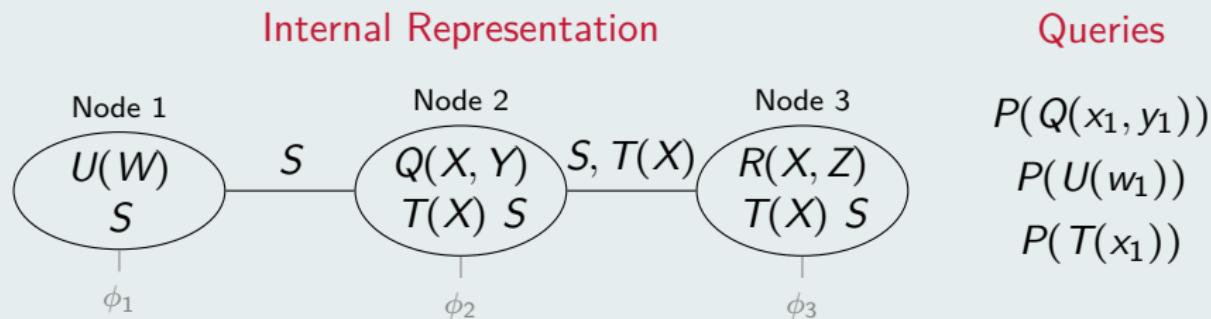
# Lifted Junction Tree Algorithm

## Message Passing



# Lifted Junction Tree Algorithm

## Message Passing

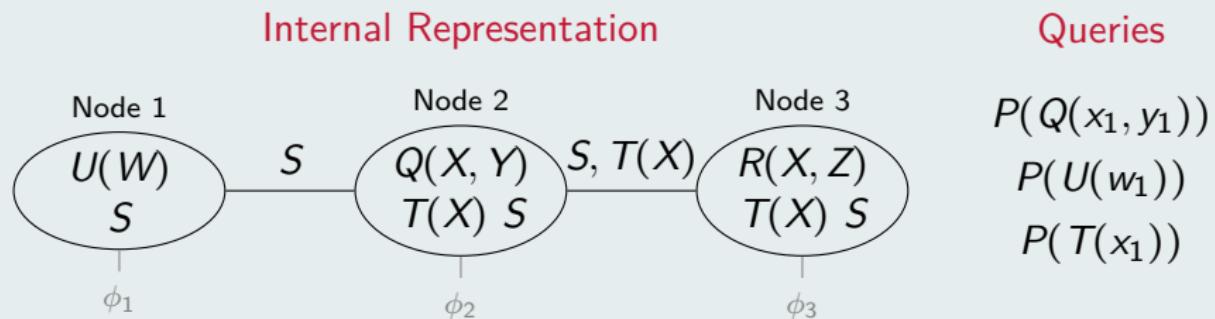


## Inward pass

- From node 1
  - to node 2:  $m_{12} = \sum_{U(W)} \phi_1$
- From node 3
  - to node 2:  $m_{32} = \sum_{R(X, Z)} \phi_3$

# Lifted Junction Tree Algorithm

## Message Passing



### Inward pass

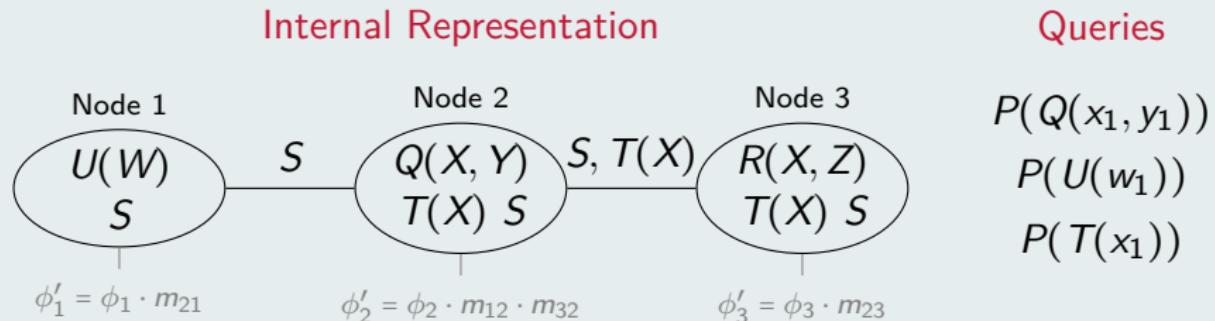
- From node 1
  - to node 2:  $m_{12} = \sum_{U(W)} \phi_1$
- From node 3
  - to node 2:  $m_{32} = \sum_{R(X, Z)} \phi_3$

### Outward pass

- From node 2
  - to node 1:  $m_{21} = \sum_{T(X)} \sum_{Q(X, Z)} \phi_2 \cdot m_{32}$
  - to node 3:  $m_{23} = \sum_{Q(X, Z)} \phi_2 \cdot m_{12}$

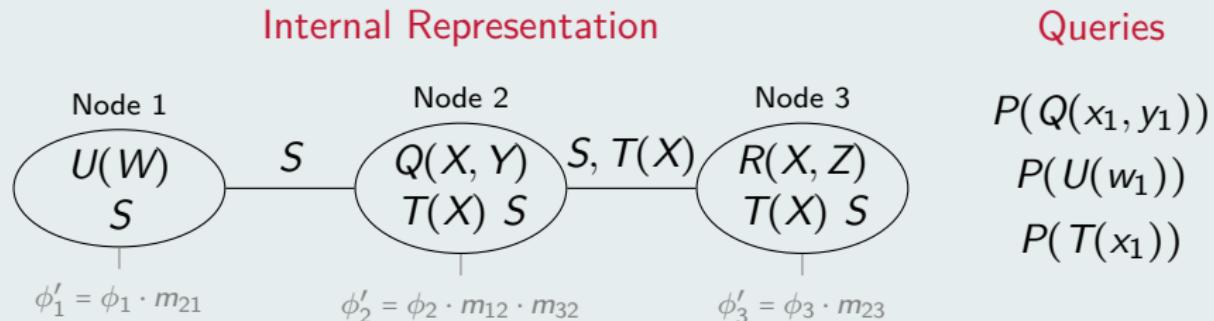
# Lifted Junction Tree Algorithm

## Query Answering



# Lifted Junction Tree Algorithm

## Query Answering



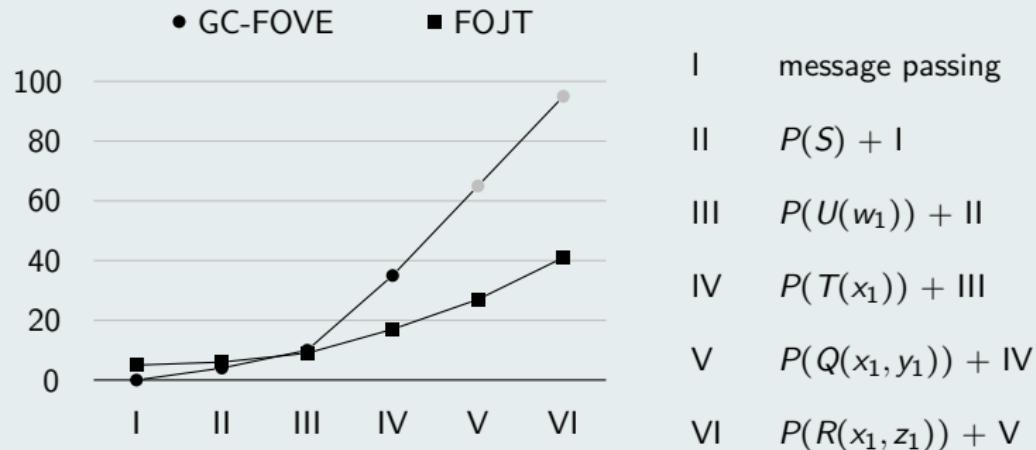
## Computation

$$P(Q(x_1, y_1)) \propto \sum_S \sum_{\substack{T(X) \\ X \neq x_1}} \sum_{\substack{Q(X, Y) \\ X \neq x_1 \\ Y \neq y_1}} \phi'_2$$

Analogously, for queries  $P(U(w_1))$  and  $P(T(x_1))$ .

# Test Run and First Results

Comparison with GC-FOVE, Implementation of Lifted VE by Taghipour (2013)



**Figure:** Accumulated Number of Calls to Lifted VE Operators during Query Answering by GC-FOVE and FOJT

Points connected for readability. Grey dot denotes count includes aborted queries.



# Take Home Message

## Research Problem

Optimise answering multiple queries

## Proposed Solution

Lifted Junction Tree Algorithm



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Optimise answering multiple queries

## Proposed Solution

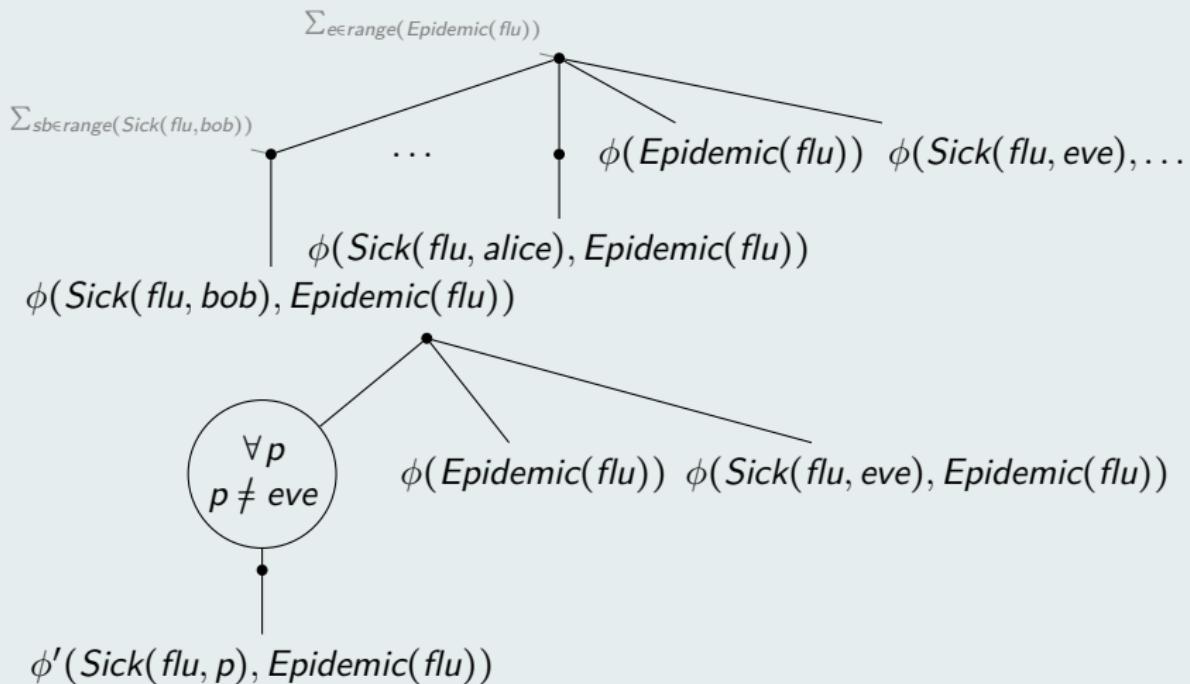
Lifted Junction Tree Algorithm

## Future Directions

- Local symmetries?
- Dynamic variants?

# (First-order) Decomposition Trees

Darwiche (2001), Taghipour (2013)



# Cutset, Context, Cluster

Darwiche (2001), Taghipour (2013)

$$\text{cutset}(T) = \bigcup_{T_i, T_j \in \text{child}(T)} RV(T_i) \cap RV(T_j) \setminus \text{acutset}(T)$$

Random variables:

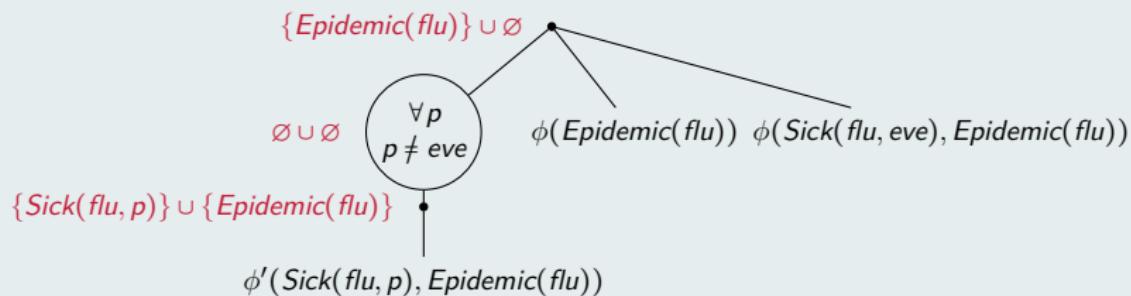
$$\text{acutset}(T) = \bigcup_{T' \in \text{ancestor}(T)} \text{cutset}(T')$$

$$\text{context}(T) = RV(T) \cap \text{acutset}(T)$$

$$RV(T) = \bigcup_{T' \in \text{child}(T)} RV(T')$$

$$\text{cluster}(T) = \text{cutset}(T) \cup \text{context}(T)$$

$$RV(L) = RV(\phi_L), L \text{ leaf}$$



Labels to the left:  $\text{cutset}(N) \cup \text{context}(N)$