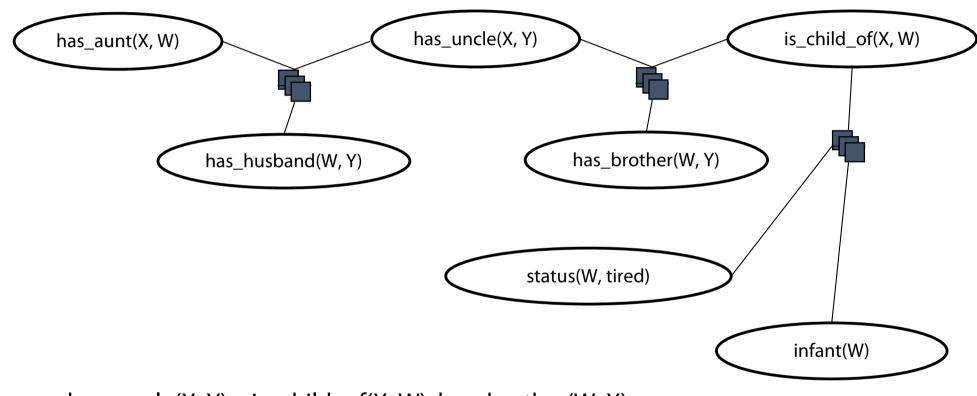
# Web-Mining Agents Deep Relational Learning

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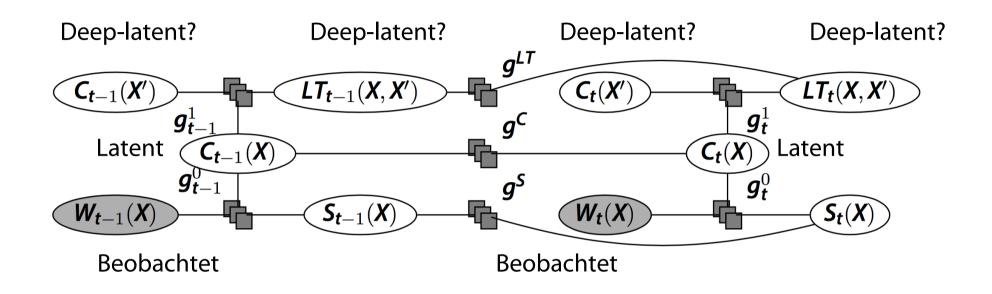
# **Exploiting Foil Results in PRMs**



has\_uncle(X, Y) :- is\_child\_of(X, W), has\_brother(W, X). has\_uncle(X, Y) :- has\_aunt(X, W), has\_husband(W, Y). status(X, tired) :- is\_child\_of(W, X), infant(W).



### **Deep Relational Learning**

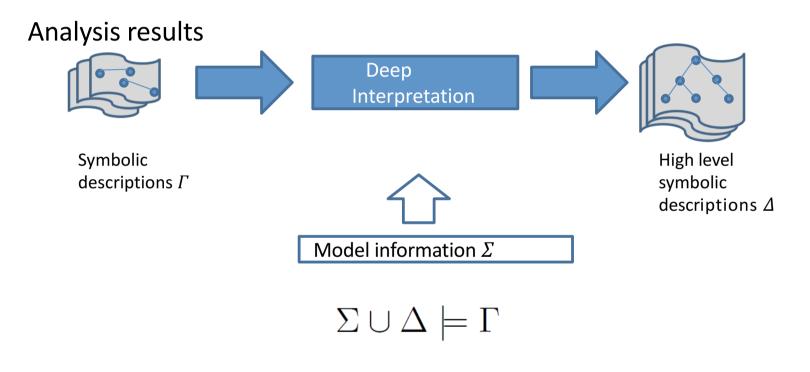


- Marginal distribution query:  $P(A_{\pi}^{i}|E_{0:t})$  w.r.t. the model
- Prediction:  $\pi > t$  (the condition of my patient in x day)
- Filtering:  $\pi = t$  (the condition of my patient today)
- Smoothing:  $\pi < t$  (the condition of my patient x days ago)



# **Deep Interpretation**

Extend annotations with new domain objects (and not only relations)

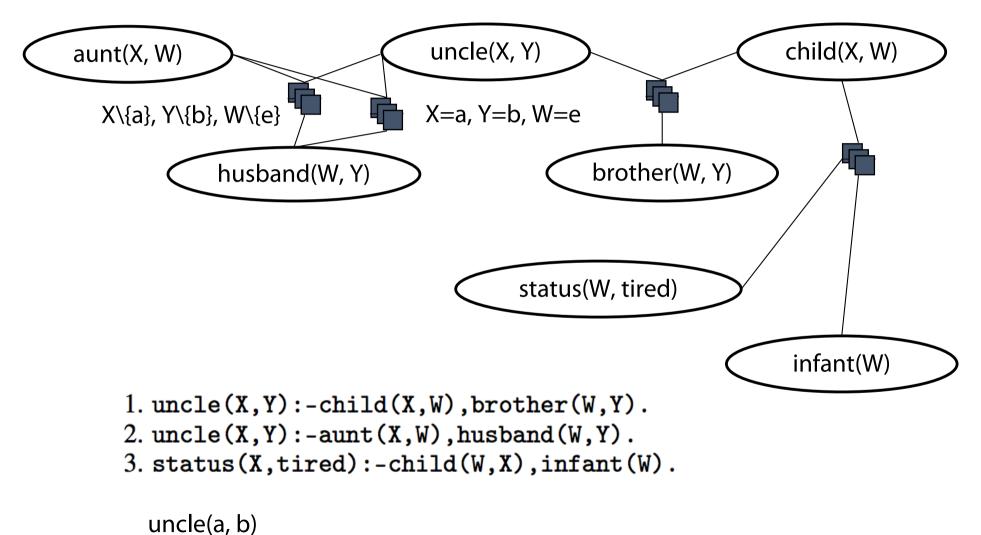


- Hypothesis space for possible explanations  $\Delta$
- *△* -Score: Probability Ranking Principle



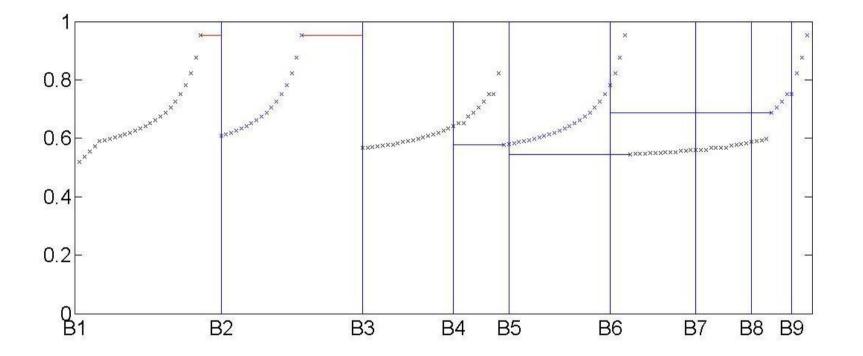
O. Gries, R. Möller, A. Nafissi, M. Rosenfeld, K. Sokolski, and M. Wessel. A Probabilistic Abduction Engine for Media Interpreta(on based on Ontologies. MATIONSSYSTEME In Proceedings of 4th Interna9onal Conference on Web Reasoning and Rule Systems, **2010**. IM FOCUS DAS LEBEN

### Abduction in PRMs



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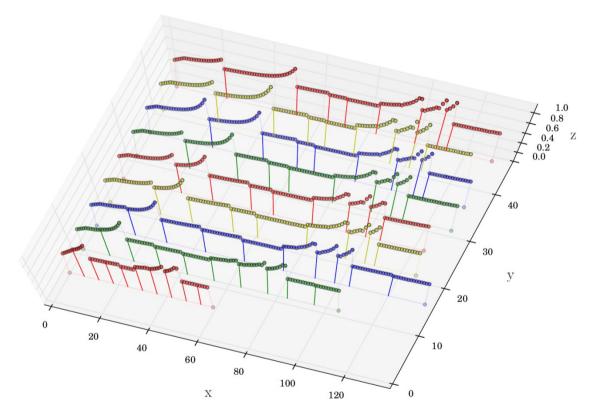
# Increasing the Score by Explaining Observations



x = time axis indicated with arrival time of bunch of data
y = scoring value of the interpretation



#### Increasing the Score by Explaining Observations

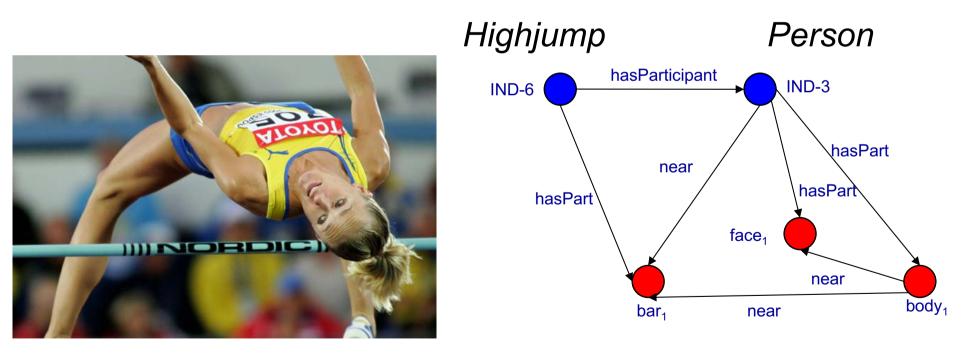


- x = time spent for explaining observations
- y = number of observations to be explained in a bunch
- z = scoring value



# Example: Image modality

- Abduction constructs relational structures
- Tbox causes new knowledge to be inferred

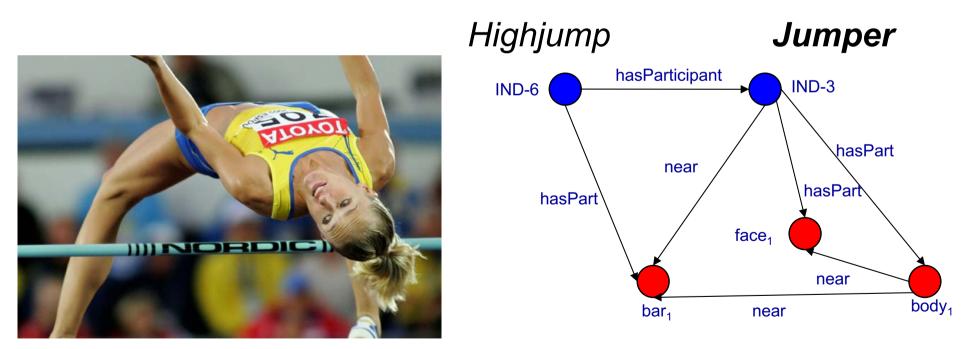




Nodes are somehow associated with media objects

# Example: Image modality

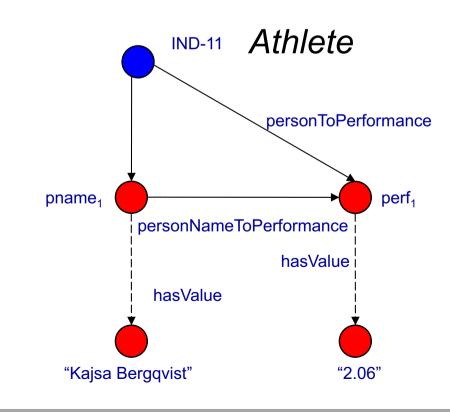
- Abduction constructs relational structures
- Tbox causes new knowledge to be inferred





### Example: Text modality

Kajsa Bergqvist clears 2:06 in Eberstadt





### Fusion

- Goals:
  - Desambiguation
  - Rule out possible interpretations
- Information accumulation (for better query answering)

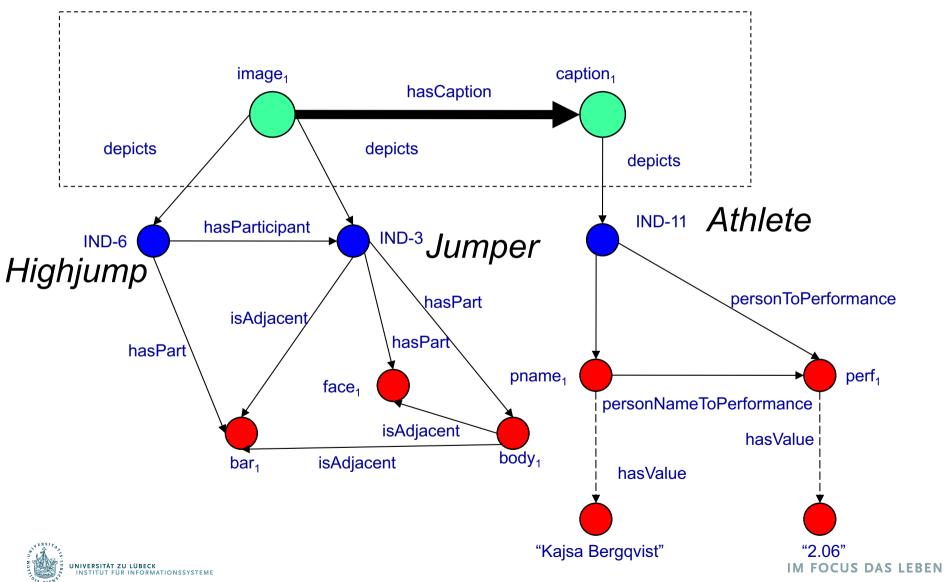




Kajsa Bergqvist clears 2:06 in Eberstadt

# Explicitly represent the document

#### structure



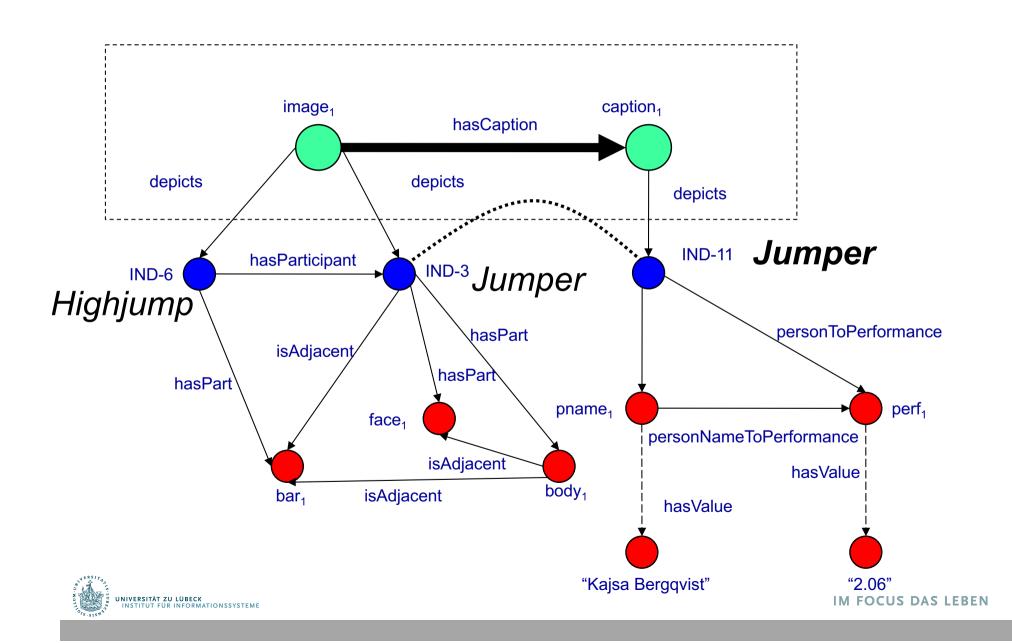
# Exploit the document structure

- Abduction is used to find explanations for the relations between the multimedia objects
- We assume the following rule

hasCaption(X,A) ←
Image(X),
depicts(X,Y),
Caption(A),
depicts(A,B),
same-as(Y,B)

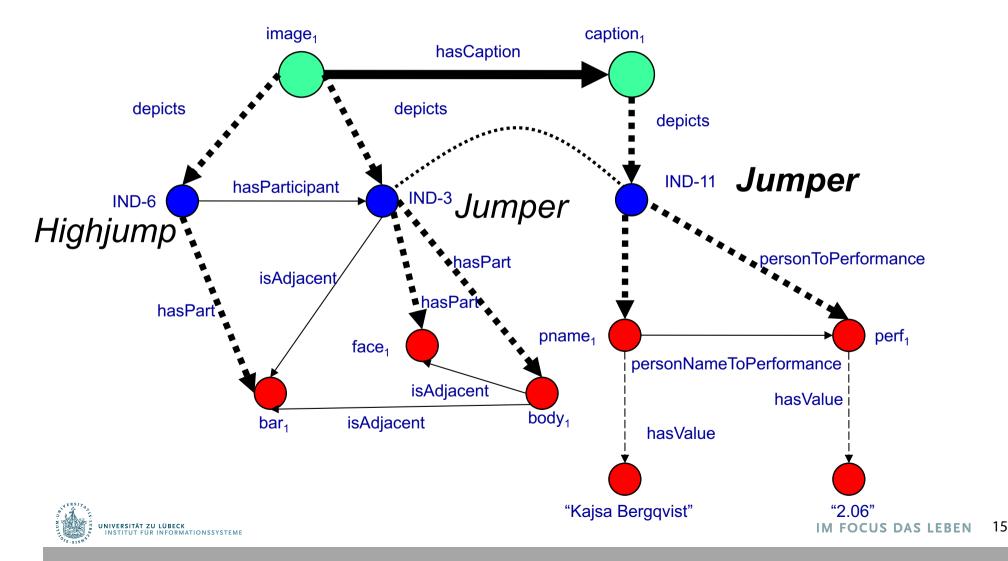


# Structure identification



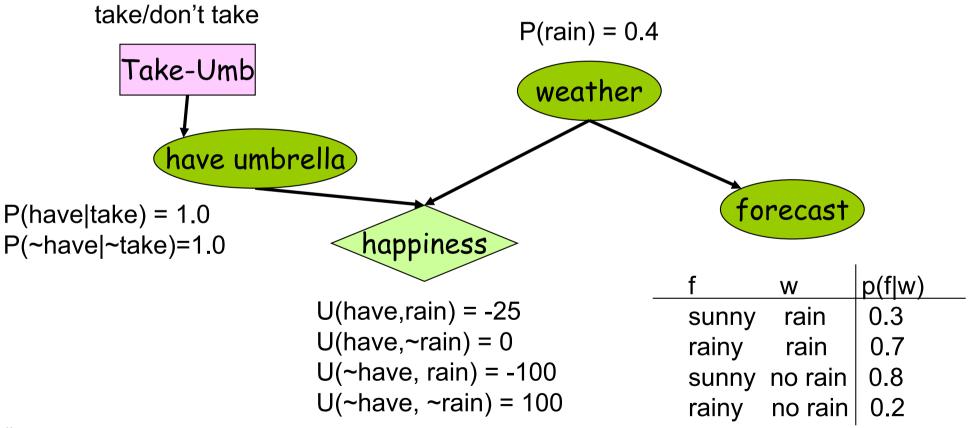
# Causality

#### Reasoning about representations: Intervention (Backdoor, Frontdoor), Counterfactuals, Instruments, ...



# **Decision Making: Propositional**

Should I take my umbrella??





# First-Order Decision Making

#### Should I take my $X \in \{Umb, Raincoat, Taxi, ...\}$ ?

